

Epicykloida – skrátená

$r > c \geq 0, R > 0$

$$x = (R+r) \cos \frac{rt}{R} - c \cos \frac{(R+r)t}{R}, \quad y = (R+r) \sin \frac{rt}{R} - c \sin \frac{(R+r)t}{R}, \quad t \in R.$$

$$x = (R+r) \cos \varphi - c \cos \frac{(R+r)\varphi}{r}, \quad y = (R+r) \sin \varphi - c \sin \frac{(R+r)\varphi}{r}, \quad \varphi \in R.$$

$$x = \frac{(1+\sqrt{2})r}{\sqrt{2}} \cos \sqrt{2}t - \frac{r}{2} \cos (1+\sqrt{2})t$$

$$y = \frac{(1+\sqrt{2})r}{\sqrt{2}} \sin \sqrt{2}t - \frac{r}{2} \sin (1+\sqrt{2})t$$

$$t \in \langle 0; 6.2\pi \rangle$$

$$R = \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}}, \quad c = \frac{r}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{(1+\sqrt{2})r}{\sqrt{2}} \cos \varphi - \frac{r}{2} \cos \frac{(1+\sqrt{2})\varphi}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$y = \frac{(1+\sqrt{2})r}{\sqrt{2}} \sin \varphi - \frac{r}{2} \sin \frac{(1+\sqrt{2})\varphi}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\varphi \in \langle 0; 8.7681\pi \rangle$$