

Hypocykloida – predĺžená hypocykloida $c > r > 0, R > 0$

$$x = (R-r) \cos \frac{rt}{R} + c \cos \frac{(R-r)t}{R}, \quad y = (R-r) \sin \frac{rt}{R} - c \sin \frac{(R-r)t}{R}, \quad t \in R.$$

$$x = (R-r) \cos \varphi + c \cos \frac{(R-r)\varphi}{r}, \quad y = (R-r) \sin \varphi - c \sin \frac{(R-r)\varphi}{r}, \quad \varphi \in R.$$

$$\begin{aligned}x &= (\text{e}-1)r \cos \frac{t}{\text{e}} + 3r \cos \frac{(\text{e}-1)t}{\text{e}} \\y &= (\text{e}-1)r \sin \frac{t}{\text{e}} - 3r \sin \frac{(\text{e}-1)t}{\text{e}} \\t &\in \langle 0; 16.8533\pi \rangle\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}x &= (\text{e}-1)r \cos \varphi + 3r \cos (\text{e}-1)\varphi \\y &= (\text{e}-1)r \sin \varphi - 3r \sin (\text{e}-1)\varphi \quad \varphi \in \langle 0; 6.2\pi \rangle \\R &= \text{e} r, \quad c = 3r\end{aligned}$$